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Executive Order

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Executive Order

The president is always provided with powers to ensure the country's citizens are safe from external policies and nations. Therefore, the executive order was created to be utilized frequently with a host of regular governance challenges associated with the internal operations of the federal administration. One of the important executive orders was signed by President Donald Trump in 2019. Executive order 13873 provided that it will secure information and communication technology together with service supply chain (Trumpwhitehouse, 2019). Also, through the provision of the prevailing laws and guidelines, the president determined that American information communication technology (ICT) systems are becoming significant risks from foreign adversaries. Sasse (2019) claimed that foreign adversaries are any external administrations or non-governmental organizations participating in constant series of solemn activities that result in unswerving danger to American national security as well as protection of its people. Moreover, the order also provided the limitations and exclusions related to the attainment, connection, transmission or utilization of any ICT components and facilities by any individual regarding possessions under the administrative authority, where the deal comprises any goods or facilities that any external nation has attention.

The executive order addresses several issues concerning the use of ICT systems. First, the external opponents are developing and misusing weaknesses in the ICT infrastructures and facilities hence aiming the information as well as the enormous amount of data shared within the organization's structures. Nevertheless, the nations have understood that this data is the root of the digital economy because it combines the crucial infrastructure and makes them one. Also, the data is integrated with the emergency services; thus, when attacked can significantly impact American citizens. Therefore, protecting this issue is essential in stopping the substantial harm

that could have arisen in the country. Another issue is to certify that external adversaries cannot control private companies to deliver susceptibility in the ICT systems easily subjugated with malevolent intent. Moreover, companies' unhindered access to American systems and services to manage external adversaries stops the attacks from getting the administration's IT infrastructure, especially with individuals involved in business with the government.

The United States has advanced immensely and therefore, most of the activities are done online. The order will thus have effects on the country. It is vital to ensure America is a free economy that does not restrict others from entering the economy. However, it should also not endanger national security. One of the impacts of the order on the economy is stopping the supply of elements from America to other nations that are technologically advanced across the world. For instance, Bental (2019) stated that the media believed that the order was implemented because of the emergence of China and Huawei hence the main targets. Nevertheless, the effects of the supply chain will be established upon the clear realization of the external adversaries. Furthermore, America will suffer in cyber insurance procedures because of the understandings of the standard war elimination and their insinuations on cyber conflicts (Lilli, 2021).

I partially agree with the executive order because it has both negative and positive effects on the country. The reason for agreeing with the order is that it is essential to safeguard the nation's authority. Therefore, the order will ensure the citizen's data and the government information technology infrastructure are protected. Nevertheless, I'm afraid I disagree with the order because it does not provide the probability of cyber-security dangers with unadorned consequences that can emerge from an entity excluded from those mentioned in the external adversaries. Therefore, concentrating on the external opponents develops the notion that the

primary role of the order is to spread the concept that private companies are enabling external opponents to arrange and execute cyber-attacks.

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